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DECEMBER SUNDAY,

致二十月二十美华 SERGENCOPY 10 CENTE

TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

GREEK EX-PREMIER'S REPLY TO KING CONSTANTINE.

ABANDONMENT OF SERBIA A POLITICAL MISTAKE.

Russian Success in Persia Causes a Panic.

ALLIES' POLICY IN THE BALKANS EXPLAINED.

[Regter's Service to The "Telegraph."

SUBMARINE WARFARE.

ALLIED AND NEUTRAL VESSELS ATTACKED.

December L. 315 a.m. The Ralian steamer Dante Alighieri has been sunk. Reuter's Washington correspondent states that the Standard Oil Company's tank steamer Petrolite, which was recently attacked by a submarine in the Mediterranean, has arrived at Algiera. December 11, 1.4) p.m.

The Norwegian steamer Nereus has been sunk, the mate being drowned.

December 11, 2.35 p.m. The British steamer Buiris has been sunk, and the crew landed at Alexandria.

THE FIGHTING IN PERSIA.

DEFEAT OF BIG ENEMY FORCE.

December 11, 3.15 a.m. Benter's Petrograd correspondent telegraphs to the effect that the Turco-Germans and the rebel gendarmes defeated in Persia. numbered several thousand, with artillery and machine guns. They were driven from a series of positions halfway between Teneral and Hamadan, losing many killed and wounded.

PANIC AT HAMADAN,

December 11, L40 p.m. Henter's correspondent at Petrograd states that, according to a telegram from Teheran, the Russian occupation of Saltan Bulak

Par estimal a panic at Hamadan. Bakittistis surrounded the house of a German agitator, Dr. Pagen, and demanded the money he had collected. Dr. Pajen sought the protection of the gendarmes, but finally he had to take refure in a mosque.

The German and Turkish Counts fled, while inhisbitants of the town, who like been telegraphing to the Government demanding a diciaration of war against Russia, have gone to the telegraph office to cancel their signatures at Ispahan.

RECEPTION OF RUSSIAN VICTORY.

December 11, 3.50 p.m. Renter's Petrograd correspondent says the Teheran newspapers are filled with details of the Russian victory at Hamadan. The Europeans, Armenians and Russophile Persians are exulting, while the anti-Russians are dismayed.

LIVES OR DOLLARS.

WHICH ARE MORE IMPORTANT?

December 11. 3.15 am. Router's Washington correspondent states that, in the Bensta Mr. Hoke Smith proposed a resolution adving for an investigation into belligerous interference with neutral trade.

Sens tor Lodge moved an amendment, asting for an investigation of the bomb plats and submarine attacks involving American lives Senalor Lodge was obserred when he said American lives were more important than American dollars.

TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

THE FIGHTING IN THE BALKANS.

THE RETIREMENT.

December 11 1.05 p.m. Reuter's correspondent at Salonica states that there was a com plets calm on Thursday and early on Friday morning along the Allied front. The retirement is proceeding in good order. The political situation is engrossing att mion.

BULGARIAN CLAIMS.

December, II, 5.40 p.m. A Bulgarian communique dated the 8th inst. asserts that 400 British were captured with the gans mentioned yesterday. The communique adds that the French retirement is streetly reported, secompanied by desperate fighting, the French leaving dead. and wounded belonging to eight different regiments. The French only left Gradetz efter terrible street fighting all night.

GREECE AND THE BALKANS.

ALLIES' FRESH NOTE PRESENTED.

December II, 1.55 p.m. Reuter's correspondent at Athena states that the Ministers of the Entente have presented a fresh Note to M. Skouloudis, after which a meeting of the Greek Capinet was immediately held.

ML VENEZILOS REPLIES TO THE KING.

December 11, 6.45 a.m. The Times correspondent at Athens has received from M. Venizalos a atatement of his policy in reply to the recent interview with King Constantine. M. Venizalos says the Graco-Serbian Treaty is absolutely binding on Greece; moreover, it was a great political mistake for Greece to abandon Serbia, whose existence was necessary to preserve the Balkan equilibrium. King Constantine, by refusing to sanction intervention, had enforced the resignation of Ministers who enjoyed the confidence of the people, this being contrary to the Constitution.

M. Venizelos says it is untrue that he favours a Republic, but that no Divine Right exists in Greece. M. Venizelos emphasises the point that his party was forced to abstain in the approaching elections, because the mobilisation of 53 Venizelist deputies would extinguish his majority in Parliament. He says that the Greek people fully understand the situation and are only awaiting the termination of the foreign crisis in order to make their voices

The above statement was submitted to King Constantine, who said he disagreed with it but desired it to be published.

BOMBS DROPPED ON ANCONA.

December 11, 2.35 p.m. Bouter's correspondent at Rome states that enemy airmen have

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

GERMAN WORKS SERIOUSLY DAMAGED.

December 11, 5.15 p.m. According to Beuter's correspondent, a communique says that the night has been quiet expeept in Champagne, where, not withstanding the persistence of rain, there were sharp in illades an torpedo fighting

Details regarding yesterday confirm the effectiveness of our artillery between the Oise and the Aime. On the Quenneviere platean, in the Vendressell Troyon district, German works have been seriously damaged.

MORE FIRES.

WHEAT FOR ALLIES DESTROYED.

December 11, 140 p.m. Helf a million bushels of Canadain which were awaiting shipment to Entente countries at Erie, Pennsylvania, have been destroyed by fire. The cause is unknown.

Renter's correspondent at Montreal states that a suspicious fire has occurred in the Grand Irunk Bailway workshops. Fourteen hundred men have been thrown out of work in consequence of the loss of valuable machinery.

GERMAN CHANCELLOR'S SPEECHES.

BRITAIN'S ANSWER TO PEACE TALK,

December 11, 250 p.m. The Roglish papers ridicals D. von Bethmann-Hollweg s ruggestion that the Allies are beaten. They proudly accept the foremost. place he gives to Great Britain in the war of liberation, and declare that the best answer to his remarks concerning peace is to point to the recruiting stations, which are indicating that the country's manhood is marching freely and bravely to the sound of guns. The nation is only more determined, in face of the greater difficulties, in its resolution to conquer.

TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

CONDUCT OF THE WAR.

THE GOVERNMENT CRITICISED.

D com er 11, 250 p.m. The Times states that there is growing dissatisfaction among Members of Parliament, without distinction of party, at the Government's conduct of the wir. Even the Labourities are mader Edward Downes Law, soking for more ginger." The unnatural calm of the few weeks R.N. past will not last long. Public opinion outside the Commons is

SIR WILFRID LAURIER SPEAKS.

HIS OPINION ON AMERICA'S ATTITUDE.

December II, 1.50 p.m. According to Reuter's correspondent at Montreal, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in a speech delivered before a crowded Liberal meeting, said he was convinced that the victory would be secured by the Allies. He denounced a section of the Quebec Nationalists who did not favour Causda's participation in the war, and praised the leading National- heir is Lieut.-Col. C. H. Law, C. iet, Mr. Asselin, who was raising a regiment for Oversea service. B.] He said the question had been asked why the Liberals did not attack the Government. The reason was, "because I am chief of the Liberal Party, and as long as I have the honour of presiding over its destime, it will not seek to triumph by taking advantage of a pressing

Referring to the attitude of America, Sir Wilfrid said the world anderstands that, if Germany triumphs, the United States will regret its neutrality; as Great Britain to-day regrets her neutrality in 1876.

THE BALKANS.

ALLIES TO REMAIN AT SALONICA.

December 11, 2.35 p.m. Recording to Bester's correspondent at Paris, the memspapers state that they do not doubt that the Allied War Councils have decided to remain at Salonics and to send necessary reinforcements to the Ballerns

The Journal says -- We wish to entrench at Selonics and to await the hour of the combined offensive of the Allies.

AUSTRALIAN AFFAIRS.

THE WAR LOAN.

December 11, 2,35 p.m. Reuter's Melbourne correspondent states that the Commowealth dropped bombs on Ancons, two people being killed and some four and a half per cent. War Loan has reached the record quotat-

FIFTY THOUSAND MORE MEN PROMISED.

December 11, 2,35 p.m. Beuter's correspondent at Sydney states that Mr. Hughes is confident that there will be no difficulty in raising an additional 50,000 men. The recruiting campaign will be in full swing next week. dated 10, 12, 15,

THE BRITISH MISSION

AN URGENT MATTER SOLVED.

December 11, 6 p.m. Reuter's Perus correspondent says it is officially announced that Sir Edward Grey, Earl Kitchener, M. Briand and M. Gallieni had another long conference this morning, when a question of an argent 1. character, justifying the visit of the British Ministers, was settled in complete accord.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

FIGHTING IN THE BALKANS

HEAVY BULGARIAN LOSSES.

December 10, 3.25 p.m. Renter's correspondent at Salonica says that fighting on the British front persed on Wednesday, and all is quet. The British casualties since Monday are not considerable, whereas the Bulgariane must here lost heardy L general retirement of the Allied troops has commenced.

PELEGRAMS.

OBITUARY.

Lord Ellenborough

(Renter's Service To The "Telegraph"

London, Received, December 12.

The death is announced of Lord Ellezborough, who was well-

Deceased was the 5th helder of the title, the 1st Baron being for meny years Lori Chief Justice. The 2nd Buron was Governor General of India. Lord Ellenborough, who was born in 1841, was educated at Charterhouse. and served in the Russian War, the Chinese War of 1857-66, and the Ashanti War of 1873. He he was author of several publica-

Mr. Joseph Ezra.

London Beceived December 12.

...The death is announced of Mr. Joseph Ezre, the senior partner in the well-known Calcuita firm of that name. In its obituary notice, the Times testifies to his wide philanthropy, and to his hospitality and kindness to Indian soldiera

VOLUNTEER ORDERS.

Corps Orders issued yesterday by Lieut-Col. A. Chapman, V. D.,

Gunner A. F. Brown joined the Corps on 10. 12. 15, allotted Corps No. 1949 and posted to No. 2 Section Artillery Battery.

Parades.

Parades for Sunday, 12th-instant:-9.30 a.m. Musketry 1 as King sPark Range, as detailed in Corps Order, No. 3 dated 6.12.15.

9.45 a.m. Field Operations,

Parades for Monday, 13th inst. 7.90 a.m. 5.30 p.m. Members of Signalling Section and other Signallers as detailed in Signalling Section Order dated 8.12, 15 Semsphore and Morse Lamp nes co al les q ar era

Remainder Nil.

Parades for next week:-

. The whole Corps, with the exception of members of the Engi-Meer Company detailed for duty with the Search lights on that day, will parade on the Cricket Ground at 5.15 p.m. on Talkay, 14th instant

Detail

Gun Club Hill, Kowloon: On duty until morning of 13th inst. H. K. V. R. On duty 13th to 20th instant po. 1 Sec. Art. Betty, and Left Nic. M. G. Ca. SeOfficer on duty Lieut. Reed.

P. of W. Camp, Kowloon On daily until morning of 124 st H.K. V.R. On duty 23th instant Contra Section M. G. Co.

Officer on duty Capt. Wood. Orderly Serguent from the Mit met Corpl & & B

TELEGRAMS WAR

THE FIGHTING IN THE BALKANS.

AN UNFOUNDED REPORT.

December II, 3.15 a.m. According to Reuter's Salonica correspondent it is reliably reported that two German Divisions, commanded by General von Gallwitz, occupied Ghavgeli this morning.

December 11, 11,20 s.m. Reuter's correspondent at Salonica says that the reported occupation of Ghergeli is untrue.

NEW FRENCH FRONT.

December 11, 1.50 a.m. A Paris communique states with regard to the Eastern Army, that when it was manifest that a junction with the right fishk of the Serbian armies was impossible, it was decided to evacuate the French advanced positions on the Cerns and in the direction of Krivolak. The successive retirement movements were effected methodically and without great difficulty, notwithstanding Bulgarian attacks. Following violent actions on Wednesday and Thursday, in which the Bulgarians were repulsed and lost heavily, we occupied a new front on the Bojima river in conjunction with the British.

BULGARIANS NOT TO ENTER GREECE.

December 10, 3.25 p.m. According to Reuter's correspondent at Athens, in Ministerial circles it is said that the Allied troops are withdrawing in perfect order, according to a pre-arranged plan, and that the Bulgarians wil not be allowed to enter Greek territory.

THE BRITISH MISSION TO PARIS.

December 10, 3.35 p.m. Reuter's Paris correspondent says that President Poincare received Sir Edward Grey and-Earl Kitchener, who later lunched with him and the members of the Cabinet.

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

GERMANS THROWN BACK

December 10, 4.50 p.m. According to Reuter's Paris correspondent, a communique states that the Germans have been thrown back beyond a crest south ward of Saint Souplet.

December 11, 150 s.m. A Paris communique says that the French artillery, is active, particularly in Artois, where two of the enemy's batteries have been silenced.

GERMAN CHANCELLOR'S SPEECHES.

APPROVED BY THE PRESS.

December 10, 5.05 p.m. Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says that the German Press appears to welcome warmly the Chancellor's speech in the Reichstag. The comments of the Press are summed up in the sentence. Germany would like peace—the sooner the better—if it brings what we absolutely want.

NO PEACE YET.

December 10, 5.05 p.m. Benter's New York correspondent says that the newspapers there see no chance of peace until the Allies have restored the freedom of the mations. Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, if he had been frank, would have told the Germans that the war had been a failure, but Germany has created a situation in which she cannot discuss peace till she is exhausted.

NEW SPANISH MINISTRY.

STRICT NEUTRALITY TO BE OBSERVED.

December 10, 6.40 p.m.: Reuter's Madrid correspondent says that a Liberal Cabinet has been formed, the Premier being Count Bomanones and the Foreign Secretary, Sr. Villanueva.

December 10, 11,25 p.m. Reuter's Madrid correspondent says that the resignation of the Conservative Premier, Dr. Dato, owing to Parliamentary difficulties, led to the form tion of a Liberal Gabine: under Count. Romanones, who announces that he will adhere to the strictest neutrality toward all belligerents.

THE ITALIANS.

VALONA STRONGLY HELD.

According to Reuter's Paris correspondent, a telegram from Rome says that Valone is strongly held by the Italian Army.

THE INCOME TAX

OBJECTION TO INCREASES.

December 10, 6.40 p.m. tenders in duplicate, which should by prominent repre- be clearly marked "Tender for stives of the Daminions." sentatives of the Dominions and India, a resolution was passed the surply of Prisoners' Proviunanimously that the double, and sometimes trable, income tax was mone, etc., for the supply of the unjust, inequitable, and contrary to Imperial interests, would cause Articles therein mentioned, from tenders on the the withdrawal of capital from the Dominions and Dependencies, and Int : February, 1916, to 31et would restrict investment there. A strong committee was appointed January, 1917, inclusive, will be required to sign an agreeto carry on the campaign, and a memorial will be circulated through received at the Colonial Sec ment and to give security to the out the Empire. The belief is expressed that, if the case is put retary s Office until Book of the Government in strongly to she proper courters, redress will be secured.

WAR TELEGRAMS.

CREW'S SAFETY.

December 10, 6,40 p.m. The captain and 23 men of the steamer Umeta have been landed at Algiera

AMERICA AND AUSTRIA

STRAINED SITUATION

December 10, 10.15 p.m. Reuter's Washington correspondent says that diplomationalations with Austria are in danger of being broken off by the United States unless the urgent demands for the disavowal of the sinking of the Ancons, and an assurance that there will be no repetition of the occurrence, are complied with.

SINKING OF GERMAN SUBMARINE. REPUDIATION OF AN UNWARRANTED CHARGE.

December 10, 11.25 p.m. Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg (Imperial Chancellor) in his second speech in the Reichstag, said that the pitch of the hate against Germany was shown in the Baralong case, in which a British warship murdered the helpless crew of a German submarine. The British Press Bureau to-night says that the circumstances of the destruction of a German submarine and crew by H.M.S. Baralong in August last were at present the subject of communication between the United States and British Governments: Therefore ha drit propose to make a public statement at present, beyond repudisting the unwarranted charge preferred by the Imperial Chancellor.

GERMAN CONSPIRATORS.

U-S. DEMANDS COMPLIED WITH

December 11, 1.05 a.m. Rauter's Washington correspondent says that Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassa dor, has informed Mr. Lansing that the German Naval and Military Attaches, Captain Boyed and Captain von Papen have been recalled in accordance with the request of the American Government, and has asked that sale conduct be obtained for them

BALKAN POLICY

ALLIES' DETERMINATION CONCERNING GREECE.

December 11, 6.45 a.m. The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail has been informed that the differences between France and Great Britain regarding the maintenance of the expedition to the Balkana have ceased to exist, an agreement having been reached after the arrival of Sir Edward Grey and Earl Kitchener. The first evidence of the unity of views is already seen in the new and more energetic attitude towards Greece. Now that it has been decided to retain Salonica, the Allies are resolved to dissipate doubts regarding King Constantine's intentions and probably a joint Note will be presented at Athens, demanding, clear and immediate answers to the proposals already andmitted.

GOVERNMENT

TENDERS. BLCCKADE OF BULGARIAN COAST.

It is notified that sealed tenders duplicate, which should be clearly marked "Tender for Reary's Office until Noon of Friday State for the Colonies:the 17th day of December, 1915 Specifications can be obtained at |. the Government Marine Sur-

tenders in duplicate, which should Bulgarian coast in the Æigean, siderable damage, passing out of be clearly marked "Tender for and that effect has been given to a window towards the compound the supply of Dry Earth", will this decision by the Vice-Admiral of the French School. be received at the Colonial Secre- Commanding Eastern Meditertary's Office until Noon of Wed- ranean Squadron, as from 6 a.m. needey, the 15th day of December, on the 16th instant. 1915, for the supply of dry earth for emitsry purposes to Victoria Gaol for the space of one year from the 1st January next. The Government of Bongkong. earth to be precured from a spoto be pointed out by the Director of Pablic Works in the vicinity of the Pokfulam Road, and to be delivered at the Victoria Gaol at such times and in such quantities

may be required.

should be clearly marked "Tender Major Wakeman, Commanding H. | be detected as to any attack from for the purchase of Waste Food," K.V.R., state: will be received at the Colonial A., B., C. and D. Companies will being fired to this side of the Secretary's Office until Noon of parade on the Cricket Ground on river. He heard some rifle firing, Wednesday, the 15th day of Tuesday the 14th instant at 5.15 December, 1915, for the purchase p.m. on the occasion of the preof Waste Food from Victoria Gaol sentation of Volunteer Decora- which direction it came. He for the ensuing year, commencing tions to two Officers of the drove to his house in the French from let January, 1916, to 31st H. K. V. C. by His Excellency Concession without any untoward December, 1916, inclusive. This the Governor. consists of the kitchen raines and

It is also notified with reference to Government Notification No. 698 of 1990, that separate sealed Wednesday, the 29th day of the sum of \$2,000.

Hongkong Government pairs to No. 1 Fire Flost", will be Gazette publishes the following received at the Colonial Secret- despatch from the Secretary of Downing Street,

22ad jctober, 1915. G veroment Marine Surveyor. that it was decided to declare

> I have &c. A BONAB LAW The Officer Administering the

YOLUNTEER RESERVE ORDERS.

the Colonial Tressury the sum of \$400 as a pledge of the bona fides of his offer, which sum shall be

THE SHANG"AI OUTBREAK.

HOW THE CHAOHO SKIZED

SHELL IN THE SETTLEMENT

About half past six e'clock last evening says the North China Daily News of December 7, steam launch containing about twenty men went up the river from the direction of the International Settlement and drew alongside the Chinese cruiser Chaoho, a vessel of 2,750 tons displacement and armed with two six-inch, four four-inch, two three-inch, six three-pounder and two one-pounder guns and manned by a crew of 330 men. It is authoritatively stated that the crew immedi stely revolted, but the officer remained loyal. Almost mediately the cruiser opened fit upon the Kiangnan Areenal. first the shooting was somewha erratic and several shells came over the French Concession an the International Settlement, least two foreign houses bein, struck. Firing from the cruiser ceased after half an hour.

It appears that the cruiser Haicia and the gunbost Tungshing both in the river near the Arsenal and that they remain loy I watching the Chaoho, but not attacking, as an engagement would result in shells coming into the foreign quarters.

Heavy guns were first heard and dwellers in the Western District were attracted to points of vantage. Nothing in the nature of a broadside was heard, one firing after the other at irregul intervals. The actual firing of big gons lasted about balf an hour.

Shortly after seven o'clock a steel projectile hit the wall between two parts of nickerton's Hotel with a glancing blow, the result of which the ricochetted through a pantry w dow. It traversed the wi length of the apartment and ai gouging a fair piece cut of cupboard door fell to the ground The miraculous part of the whole affair is that the shell missed about eight Chinese boys, who were engaged in preparing the

The shell had apparently broken either in the course of its flight or in hitting against the wall of Bickerton's. The pointed fragment which was recovered was that of a solid steel armourpiercing projectile such would be used for a naval gun. Tas other projectiles fell Manila Boad, near the junction with Chungking Road, damage to Chinese houses. reported that these shells been taken possession of by the Sir,-With reference to my police. One shell struck the joint vercr's Office. Repairs to be exe- telegram of the 15th instant, I in the roof of Mr. Wisner's house cuted to the satisfaction of the bave the honour to inform you in Rus Chapeal in the early part of the firing and was deflected It is also notified that sealed a blockade of the whole of the though two bedrooms, doing con-

Throughout the night searchlights were flishing from the man of war and the Arsenal and ever preparation was apparently made against surprise during the night. A resident who was driving slong the road leading from Shanghai-Ningpo-Hangchow railway station with his wife and two children at the the firing started said the firing of shells started apparently from the cruisers but it was a long way off and he was mable to distinguish from incident occurring.

The tramcare going in the direction of Sicawei were all crowded waste of rice, congee, vegetables, December, 1915. No tender will with Chinese, whilst along the fish, etc., averaging 200 lbs. daily. be considered, unless the person roads leading in the same directentiering produces a receipt to tion were to be seen many fami- the cruisers in case they were dis his appreciation of the readiness the effect that he has deposited in lies with their belongings, bent presumably on getting away from Chaoho and it was at this time measures to assist the Amenal what was the fighting zone two that some of the shells which fell authorities in the restoration of years ago. There was no evidence of disorder amongst spy of the fired by the Chaoho, whose guns crowds or parties seen, and appearances gave the impression that the refugees were prepared beforehand to clear out:

who saw it all from the root of his

house near the Nanyany Wharf, thing else that the rebels wanted states that he first saw the firing to hit. The Chaoho fired in all from the Postung side directed eighty five three-inch shells as towards the Chinese men-of-war numbered from the empty in the river. At this time there cartridge cases found on board. was both rifle and gen are. Later It was decided to attempt to the ships opened fire in the direct silence her by boarding parties tion of Shanghai and then the and several boat-loads of soldiers Arsenal guns open upon Pootung. started out from the Arsenal. He distinctly saw one shell burst Their attack, so runs the official against the rice of one of the account, was driven back by

desultery rifle firing going on in masters of their prise. Pootung and in the direction of more occurred until between the Pagoda and at about 8.45 twelve and one o'clock in the mornp.m. one gun was fired from the ling, when the Tungchi slipped man-of-war in the direction of her anchors and got out of the

Official Account

bance, as told to a representative swei should open fire on the of the North China Daily News Chaobo. by the authorities at the Arsenal, About 5 o'clock, or little later, on Tuesday is as follows: - this was done, and in a very short

launch coming from the direction enough. One shell struck the of the Settlement steamed up Chacho about six inches above alongside the Chaoho. On board the water line, another what hit her were about thirty young men her bows, while the third struck of the student class, dressed in the base of the forward conning foreign clothes, the leaders of tower. Here, apparently, the whom were acquainted with some rebels, beginning to repent of of the officers on board the crui- their escapade had clustered for ser. On arrival on board they safety and promptly decided that saked permission to show the they had better make a bolt of it: party which they had brought They scrambled into bosts. with them over the ship, and in shoved off and through the mist view of the fact that some of them made good their escape to the had been neval studenty, per- Pooting side of the river. mission was readily granted.

went abourd.

ducted tour of the vessel, in the direction of the Hangchow Railcourse of which the party very way. There was some rifle-firing, cleverly split itself up into but the coolness of the garrison groups, each group stationing itself of the Arsenal frustrated their at one er other of the larger guns. efforts. ly the guns are of yarrous were in descriptions. When the tour had thement to rally doubt, to gain sufficient time for frustrated this plan-also. something to happen. What did

fusion, however, somebody had whereupon the rebels vanished. sufficient sense to secure the key smaller guns was handed over to ed, is very slight. the rebels, who proceeded to make use of it. In a very short time they had opened fire on the Arsenal.

Chasho and the other Chinese dark-for it was dark by the as everything was quiet." time the Chacho opened fire on Yingswei were siraid to open fire Palace Hotel as soon as he learns for fear of damaging them.

below the Araenal boundary near coolness and resource. in the Settlement must have been order. were manned by her own crew labouring at the business end of sang roid to fire high and clear George William Cade Burnett at An eye-witness of the firing, the Amenal, the Fort and every-

bembs, revolvers and the ship's Until nine o'clock there was guns, and the rebels remained way of the Yingswei, the idea of this manceuvre being that at the The official story of the distur- earliest streak of dawn the Ying-

Shortly before 5 o'clock a space of time the rebels had had

UNOFFICIAL. Accordingly the whole party During the bombardment a party of rebels is said to have at-Then began a personally-con-tempted a diversion from the

The Chapho is used for training | It is also stated that 10,000 men for the navy, and consequent- Chinese, mostly unemployed, readiness in the Setproceeded sufficiently long for the rebel headquarters, which, apgroups to take up their positions, parently, were planned to be at the leaders drew their revolvers the chief police-station on Nantso and gave the gunnery officer, Bund. Although the station was Lieut. Wang, who was showing bombed and one soldier killed and bemround, the choice between in- two wounded, the celerity with stant death and handing over the which Major-General Shu took keys of the magazines. Lieut, command and threw out strong Wang appears to have faced the pickets and prohibited anyone situation coolly, endeavouring, no entering from the French Bund

At 4 o'clock this morning the happen is, even according to the police at the junction of Kaifeng official account, somewhat vague, and North Tibet Roads, in Chapei, The full complement of the heard revolver shots followed by Chaoho is 330 officers and men, two rifle shots. It appears that About half that number were thirty to forty rebels armed with on board, and yet the party rifles and bombs raided a subthirty were able to obtain station of the Chapei Chinese complete control, after kill-Police. The rebels threw four not more than four bombs, three exploding and killmen. Some of the crew jumped ing one policeman and wounding overboard; those who did not were three. A body of regular troops boroughly cowed. In the con- quickly arrived on the scene

One three-inch shell damaged the magazine in which is kept 302 Chungking Road, others the ammunition for the 6-inch landed at the Bace Club, Captain guns, and to throw it overboard. McEnen's garden and Ravens-The key, however, of the magazine court, 159 Bubbling Well, but containing ammunition for the damage, up to the present report

During the firing the river gunboat Kiangehing, moored off the upper end of the Nantao Bund It is necessary to have an ac- was hit in three places and two curate-idea of the position of the men were killed and five injured.

The Baden-Powell Scouts took vessels in her vicinity to under-ladvantage of the outbreak on Sunstand what followed. The Chacho day evening to demonstrate to the berself was lying in mid-stream community their value as an immediately opposite the Arsenal, adjunct to the forces of the Set-Northeast of her lay the King-tlement. Within half an hour of ching, the Foongan and the Hai- the fact being known that there shen, one behind the other in the was trouble at the Arsenal the order named. Southeast lay the Scouts were ready for work, which Tungchi and the Yingswei. Of in this instance took the form of these five vessels only the procuring information for the Haihsing at one end of the Volunteers and the Police. At line and the Yingswei at the about noon the authorities at the other could do snything to silence Arsenal issued a proclamation the firing was directed against the Chaoho, for the Foongan is a calling on the people who had Orders issued on Saturday by Pootung and that nothing could transport, the Kingching is left, and those who had reundergoing repairs, is minus her moved their property, to return. this side or that any shells were engines and has no armament to It further stated that there was speak of, while the Tungchi had no further reason for leaving the no steam up. Yet these three city and urged the people to vessels were so pisced that, in the carry on their business as before,

Admiral Six C. P. Sah made the Arsenal—the Haisben and the his way to the Arsenal from the of the outbreak and ably assisted At this point the Paotiyin Fort, Admiral Lee and the officials, which stands about 300 yards all of whom displayed the utmost

Chinese Waterworks, let flyst all H. E. Yang Tcheng expressed posed to follow the example of the with which Captain McEasn took

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